

# Data Science Questions

March 4, 2021

**All data files are in /u1/junk/Data. Your program must read directly from those files. Do not copy the data files.**

## 1 Elementary Question

The data file `before.csv` contains temperature data for Terre Haute airport in the year 2019. There are three fields on each line: the date, the high temperature (in °F), and the low temperature. Unfortunately, some of the temperature data is missing. Missing data is indicated by the letter 'M'. For example, the following might be a few of the lines from the file:

```
01-03,42,25
01-04,47,22
01-05,54,M
01-06,53,28
01-07,57,48
```

This would be the data for January 3 through January 7. As you can see the low temperature for January 5 is missing. Your job is to use *linear interpolation* to repair the data. In this case, you would replace the M value by the average of the low temperatures for the day before and the day after. The repaired data would look like this:

```
01-03,42,25
01-04,47,22
01-05,54,25
01-06,53,28
01-07,57,48
```

Repair all missing data, and save your results in a file named `after.csv` in the current directory. Note: There may be missing data for consecutive days, but the data for January 1 and December 31 will be there.

## 2 Intermediate Question

Figure 1 shows the arrangement of a group of childrens blocks. These blocks were recovered from a mini-blackhole and cannot be used for educational purposes. The blocks need to be repaired. Your job is to repair and rearrange them so they look like Figure 2. Write a Python program that does this. Note the 'Z' is omitted.

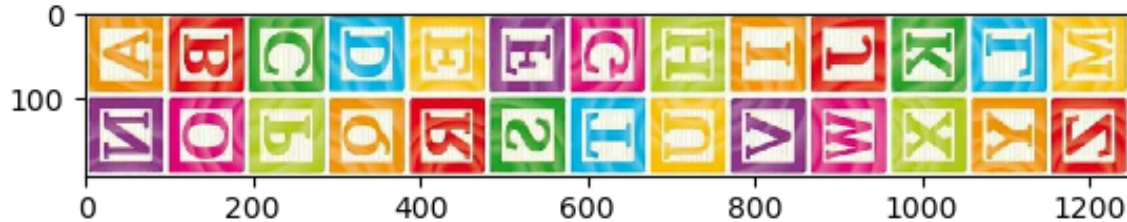


Figure 1: Before

The original picture is stored in `before.npy` (a Numpy binary data file created with `save`). Write a program that creates `npy` and `png` files containing the modified picture. Use the file names `after.npy` and `after.png`. **One point will be deducted for every `for-loop` you use.**

Note: After you load the data file, you will find that the image is a three dimensional array, with the third dimension being color. You do not need to change any colors. The pictures of the individual letters are all 96x96 pixels. For each pixel, three 8-bit unsigned integers are given, specifying the red, green, and blue coordinates of the pixel.

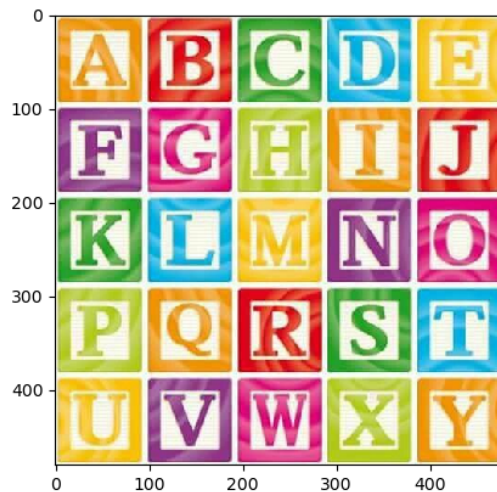


Figure 2: After