

# ISU Programming Assessment, Dec 6, 2017

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ CS class ( and class account if you have one): \_\_\_\_\_

Put all answers in the boxes. Nothing you write outside of the boxes will be counted. Did you bring an eraser?

1. Write a C program that uses loops to print a countdown: 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 9/10, 8/10, 7/10/ 6/10/ 5/10, 4/10, 3/10, 2/10, 1/10, 0!. *But print each number in the countdown on its own line.*

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
```

```
    return 0;  
}
```

2. Write a C program that reads a file from stdin one character at a time and prints to the screen only letters and whitespace (punctuation and digits are not printed).

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
```

```
    return 0;  
}
```

3. Write a loop that determines if the linked list is in sorted order (repeats are allowed), and prints "sorted" or "not sorted". Use the following type declaration.

```
typedef struct NODE {
    int data;
    struct NODE *next;
} node_t;

int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    node_t *head, *ptr;
    /* Assume that the list is somehow created here. */
```

```
    return 0;
}
```

4. Write a function named `allTheSame` that has the root of a binary tree as parameter and returns 1 if every node in the tree has the same value, and returns 0 otherwise. Use the following type declaration.

```
typedef struct BST_NODE_T {
    int data;
    struct BST_NODE_T *left, *right;
} bst_node_t;
```

5. Write a C function named `howMany` that takes an `unsigned int` as parameter and computes how many bytes in the integer are not 0 (out of a total of `sizeof(int)`). Remember that each byte is two hexadecimal digits. On input `0x1` the function would output 1, on input `0x10e0` (4320 in decimal) the function would output 2, on input `0x12345` (74565 in decimal) the function would output 3.

